NOTES ON THE LOOKUP TABLES:

The LOC VALD folder contains 36 lookup tables. The original data was created using Microsoft Access. Most of these tables are simply representations of picklists that were used in an Access form to maintain data integrity. Because of this, most lookup tables will not need to be accessed because the full description is already included in the data. But, a few of the tables do include additional information not in the data. These are the CHEM, LNRC, LNRC00, LNRC02, LNRC03, LNRC04, LNRC06 and LICENSE tables.

1. To join the main table to the location component table, which contains information about radioactive materials involved in the event, as well as the source, etc.
2. To join the main table to the factors table, which includes factors contributing to the event.
3. To join the main table to the consultant table, which lists consultants used (names), their company/affiliation, area of expertise, as well as who they were hired by.
4. To join the main table to the report requirements table, which lists the requirement (CFR) that makes the event reportable. There are multiple records for some individual ITEMNO's because there may be more than one requirement met.
5. To look for information on the type of event and the class, or keyword of the event.
6. To join the main table to the event table, which lists the cause and type of event as well as number of patients involved.
7. To join the main table to the demographic table, which is used for misadministration documents associated with the events listed in the basic table.
8. To join the main table to the system table, which contains information on the device/associated equipment involved in an event.
9. To join the main table to the release table, which contains records only for event type RLM, release or contamination.
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The ABONCC table contains records of abnormal occurrences. The joining would provide more detail on events deemed abnormal.

The LOC MISAD table contains records only for event type MD2, misadministration of radioactive materials. Information includes the type of medical procedure, body part, if the same patient received the misadministration more than once, how much more or less radiation was received, etc.

The joining may provide information on the name of the institution responsible for the misadministration, which is not originally available in the LOCMISAD table.

To join the main table to the report table, which is useful for tracking individual documents associated with the events listed in the basic table.

To join the main table to the demographic table, which is used for misadministration and overexposure events to note the people involved. Some specifics include gender, age, etc. Theoretically, the joining should allow you to determine how many people were directly involved/affected by such events.

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