



- 1 To look for the history of penalties or failure to abate, including the amount and reason the amount was changed
- 2 To look for records of payment of administrative fees, penalties or failure-to-abate charges.
- 3 To find out whether the inspection is related to another inspection or other action.
- 4 To look for information on additional information recorded for the inspection.
- 5 To look for information about a debt, including interest, fees and the outcome of the debt.
- 6 To look for details on penalties, types of violations -- willful, repeat, serious, etc. -- and the number of employees exposed to the danger.
- 7 To look for information on names of those injured, the task that was being performed when the accident occurred, whether a hazardous substance contributed to the accident, which body parts were injured, and the degree of the injury -- for example, whether it was fatal.
- 8 To look for information on accidents that involve hazardous substances but that do not involve people.
- 9 To look for descriptions of any special programs -- local or national -- related to the specific inspection.
- 10 To look for information on each federal and state office submitting compliance data.
Codes:
111-499 = federal area office
500-599 = state 18(b) office
- 11 To decode the Agency code for owner-type.
- 12 To decode the orth American Industry Classification System codes.
- 13 To decode the Standard industrial classification codes.
- 14 To decode the Department of Commerce county code.
- 15 To decode the Department of Commerce city code.
- 16 To look for information on federal or state standard cited.
- 17 To look for information on the nature of injury. The joining applies only when the value in the CATEGORY field of the ACC table equals to NATURE-INJ.
- 18 To look for information on the part of body. The joining applies only when the value in the CATEGORY field of the ACC table equals to PART-BODY.
- 19 To look for information on the source of injury. The joining applies only when the value in the CATEGORY field of the ACC table equals to SOURCE-INJ.
- 20 To look for information on the event type. The joining applies only when the value in the CATEGORY field of the ACC table equals to EVENT-TYP.
- 21 To look for information on the contributing factor. The joining applies only when the value in the CATEGORY field of the ACC table equals to ENVIR-FAC.
- 22 To look for information on the human factor. The joining applies only when the value in the CATEGORY field of the ACC table equals to HUMAN-FAC.
- 23 To decode the occupation codes.
- 24 To look for information on hazardous substance.
- 25 To look for information on hazardous substance.
- 26 To look for information on local program. The joining applies when the PROGCODE field in the PROG table has the value of "L."
- 27 To look for information on national special emphasis program. The joining applies when the PROGCODE field in the PROG table has the value of "N" or "S."